Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2349.] PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 5, 1800. [VOLUME XVII.

☞ *The price of this Gazette is* EIGHT DOLLARS *per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

*** *No Subscription will be received for a shorter term than six months.*

December 1 1799.

Philadelphia Academy.

SAMUEL MAGAW, D. D.
Rector of St Paul's church, and formerly Vice-Provost of the University of Pennsylvania,
AND
JAMES ABERCROMBIE, A.M.
One of the Assistant Ministers of Christ church and St. Peter's,
INTEND TO OPEN,
On Tuesday the 15th of next month, (April)

An Academy,

CONSISTING OF

1. AN English School, in which will be taught Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Composition, Elocution, and Natural History.

2d. A Mathematical School, in which will be taught Writing, Arithmetic, Mercantile Accounts, Geography and the use of the Globes, Geometry and Trigonometry, with their application to Mensuration, Surveying, Navigation, Nautical Astronomy, &c.—Also, the Principles of Mechanics, Algebra and Fluxions.

3d. A Classical School, in which will be taught the Latin and Greek Languages, in conjunction with Chronology, Civil History, Rhetoric, and the Institutes of Moral Science.

—

A well grounded conviction of the expediency of the foregoing plan, has been our principal inducement to undertake it. When it is considered that this populous and flourishing Metropolis contains only one Public Institution on an extensive plan, and that many of our youth are obliged to resort to other States, to receive even a Grammar-School Education, the Seminary now proposed, will, we trust, be regarded as eminently useful.

Actuated by these considerations, many gentlemen, friends to Science, and to Literary Establishments, have urged, with great warmth, the present undertaking, and excited the most flattering expectations of its success.

Thus encouraged by the countenance and promised aid of liberal men, no less than by a firm persuasion that well-regulated Academies have a most important influence upon manners, habits, and principles; it will be our earnest endeavor so to conduct this Seminary of Learning, as to subserve the great Interests of Religion and Morality, to promote Decorum of Behaviour—Correctness of Taste, Liberality of Sentiment, and every other attribute of an ingenuous mind, which, in connection with good principles, and sound literature, constitute the distinguished ornaments of the gentleman, and the scholar.

The building, engaged for this Academy, though affording excellent accommodation, will be relinquished for a more central situation, if such a change should be found necessary.

A master of distinguished abilities will be procured to conduct the Mathematical Department.

Persons desirous to be employed as TUTORS in this Seminary, are requested to apply, without delay, to either of the subscribers, to whom also *Parents* wishing to send their children, will please to make application.

SAMUEL MAGAW,
No. 94 *Arch Sreet.*
JAMES ABERCROMBIE,
No. 101 *Pine Street.*
Philad. March 28.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, living in Sassafras Neck, Cecil County, State of Maryland, on Friday the 14th inst. a negro man named PETER, about twenty-five years of age, tolerable black, and left handed. He has been used to sailing by water in the Chesapeake Bay about twelve months, and is smart and active—He has been formerly used to farming and taking care of horses. His clothing he took with him is unknown.—It is expected he has shaped his course for Philadelphia or Chester Town, and the above reward will be paid for securing him in any goal in the United States, and reasonable charges paid, if brought home, by

JOHN FERGUSON.

N. B All masters of vessels and all other persons are forwarned of harboring the said negro.
Sassafras Neck, march 18. 2aw6w

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from Spring Forge, in York County, a negro man, named *ISAAC*, otherwise *GUDJO*, about 21 years old, the property of Robert Coleman, Esq. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a blemish in his eyes, more white in them than common, by trade a Ferge man; had on and took with him a drab coloured broad cloth coat, almost new, a sailors jacket and pantaloons printed fancy cord, a swansdown striped under jacket; a roram hat; one fine and one coarse shirt one muslin handkerchief, sprigged, two ditto striped border, a blue Persian under jacket and two pair cotton stockings. Whoever takes up said negro and lodges him in any jail in this or any of the neigbouring states shall have the above reward or reasonable expences if brought home.

JOHN BRIEN.

Spring Forge, October 23, 1799.
N. B. As said negro formerly lived in Chester county, it is probable he may return there.
November 5

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE SHIP
AMIABLE,
D. C. TILLINGHAST, *Master.*

PHILADELPHIA built, of live oak and cedar, will be ready to receive her cargo at West's wharf in a few days, and to sail about the fifteenth of April. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

JEREMIAH WARDER.
WHO HAS FOR SALE,
The following articles entitled to Drawback.

Cotton Hose, fine Holland Shirting Linen, Table Linen, Ticklings, Rags for Paper-makers, Russia Sail Cloth, Ravens Duck, Irish Linens in trunks, London White Lead, Ley and ground in oil, Red and Barr Lead, London Tin in boxss, London refined Salt Petre, New-Castle Grindstones, Roman Tea Cannisters, elegant Girandoles, ten four pound Woolwich proof cannon, double fortified with apparatus complear, and a quantity of three and nine pound shot.

march 31. 3taw2w.

Schuylkill Permanent Bridge.

STONE.

PROPOSALS in writing will be received until the 15th day of April next, at the office of the Treasurer of the Schuylkill Permanent Bridge Company No. 11 Church alley, for a supply of ten thousand perch of the best quality Free Stone, one half of which must be of large dimensions, viz 7 to 12 feet long, 2½ to 3 feet wide in the bed, 9 to 18 inches deep—the remainder to be of the size which is generally called large foundation stone, to be delivered at the West end of High street, in such quantities and at such times as shall be required. Price and time of payment to be expressed.

JOHN DORSEY, *Secretary pro tem.*

A quantity of TERRASS for mortar will be wanted.
March 17. mwf1m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *JOHN RHOADS*, late of this city, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment;—and those having accounts against the same, to bring them in, duly attested, for payment to

RACHEL RHOADS *Administratrix.*
March 26.

LANCASTER STAGES.

THE Proprietors of the Philadelphia and Lancaster line of Stages DISPATCH, return their grateful thanks to their friends and the public in general, for the past favors they have received, and inform them that in addition to the regular Line, they are provided with Carriages, sober and careful drivers, to go through between the City and Borough in two days. Those who prefer this mode of travelling can be accommodated at the Stage Office, sign of United States Eagle, Market street, Philadelphia.

Slough, Downing, Dunwoody & Co.
Nov. 30. ¶ 2t—5

CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE POSSESSORS

OF OBLIGATIONS or CERTIFICATES signed by the subscriber, for undivided shares or Lots on his purchase within the city of Washington, who have not yet applied for and received their Deeds, are hereby notified, that their several Titles will be duly completed to the order of those who in conformity with the terms of the said Certificates, do make the Payments in full therefor, either to *Thomas M'Kean & Co.* or to the Subscriber at Philadelphia, on or at any time before the 31st day of May next.

Samuel Blodget.
December 17

BOONETON IRON WORKS.

TO BE SOLD,
OR LEASED FOR ONE YEAR—THAT
Valuable Estate,

KNOWN by the name of the Booneton Iron Works, situate in the county of Morris in the state of New-Jersey, consisting of a Forge with four fires, a Rolling and Slitting Mill, a Grist mill with two Run of stones, and Saw mill, all in good order and new in use, together with an excellent, large, and convenient house, with out houses of every kind; among which are an Ice house, and stone milk house, with a remarkable fine spring in it, a large Garden, and an excellent collection of Fruit, a large Orchard, and 2500 acres of wood, pasture and arable land, and a great number of stores and workmen's houses Immediate possession will be given of houses and stores sufficient for providing stock the present winter, and possession of the whole in the spring.

For terms enquire of David B Ogden at Newark, mr Peter Mackie in New-York, mr. David Ford in Morris Town, or messrs. Jacob and Richard Faesch on the premises.

January 21

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED

FROM the Marine Barracks on the night of the 14th inst—JOHN OSBORN, born in the town of Bedford, West Chester county and state of New-York, aged 22 years, 9 months, 5 feet 8 and a quarter inches high, grey eyes (long qued) light hair, ruddy complexion, pock marked, by trade a Shoemaker. Enlisted by Lieutenant Reynolds in Stephen's Town, near Albany the 25th of June last. Had on and took with him a short round blue cloth coat with a red cape, a blue cloth coatee, a few white waistcoats, a long grey mixed cloth coat and breeches, a pair of boots, a chocolate coloured great coat trimmed with black hair plush, a fur hat half worn, and two silver watches, one a middle size, the other small. He may impose himself on some family or gentleman as a waiter, as he has acted in that capacity—Whoever apprehends said Deserter, and secures him in jail, sends him to Headquarters, or delivers him to any of the Marine officers, or any officer of the army of the United States shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges.

J. S. LEWIS,
Adjutant Marine Corps.
January 16.

FACTS

Submitted to public consideration, as additional evidences of the efficacy of

Dr. HAMILTON's MEDICINES,

IN THE CURE OF
Most Disorders to which the human body is liable.

RHEUMATISM.

JOHN HOOVER, Rope-maker, South Second street, between Mary and Christian streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath, as follows; namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with violent rheumatisms, very dangerously situated, the consequence of a cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life; notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted. When seeing several cases of cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed to the 25th day of March, 1800, before Ebenezer Ferguson, Esq. one of the Justices of the Peace for Philadelphia county.

DANGEROUS COLD.

DAVID GILBERT, Toyman, No. 46, South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath, as follows: namely, that about eight months ago, he caught a severe cold, which settled every remedy he could think of, and produced the most alarming effects; he could procure no rest for incessant coughings, nor breathe without great pain and difficulty, and was finally so exhausted, as to be scarcely able to walk about, which left his friends little hopes of his recovery, though the prescriptions of a respectable physician were constantly attended to. In this situation hearing of the efficacy of Hamilton's Elixir, a bottle was procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second street; the first dose of which afforded the most surprising relief, and gave him more ease than he had enjoyed during the whole of the above period, and before the contents of one bottle were taken, he was perfectly cured, his strength and appetite recovered, and not a symptom of his former distressing complaints remained.

The above particulars the said David Gilbert wishes to be made public, as a testimony of his gratitude, and for the benefit of mankind.

DAVID GILBERT.

Sworn and subscribed before me the 24th day of March, 1800.

JOHN JENNINGS, Alderman.

TO PARENTS
Who may have Children afflicted with the Hooping Cough,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable—The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

WORMS.

A daughter of Mr. Ewing Wiley, No. 109, Cedar street, Philadelphia, was dreadfully afflicted with worms, insomuch that her life was with great reason despaired of; her complexion faded and grew pale and sallow; her eyes sunken; her appetite was lost, and succeeded by a painful and constant sickness at the stomach; which general wasting and debility was accompanied with every appearance of a dangerous fever. From this deplorable situation she was relieved, and restored to a state of perfect health and strength in a few days, by the use of Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which expelled a great number of large pointed worms, from six to nine or twelve inches in length; one of which being a most extraordinary thickness, (supposed from half an inch to an inch in diameter) was opened and found to contain a quantity of young ones

The above is communicated by Mr. Wiley, believing its perusal may be useful to many, by extending the knowledge of a medicine which merits universal attention: But this testimony is only a corroboration of the evidence of MORE THAN FIFTY THOUSAND persons of all ages, who have, within twenty months past, been cured by this medicine, with the utmost ease and safety, of various complaints, arising from worms and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

Dr. Hamilton's Grand Restorative

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution; the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance; the unskilful or excessive use of mercury; the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life; bad lyings in, &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalelled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, loss of appetite, impurity of the blood, hysterical affections, inward weaknesses, violent cramps in the stomach and back, indigestion, melancholy, gout in the stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emissions, seminal weaknesses, obstinate gleets, flour albus (or whites) impotency, barrenness, &c.

This medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from those hot and irritating drugs so frequently proposed for similar purposes, and which only recommend themselves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects, and which, acting as a temporary but violent stimulus on the nervous system, infallibly produce greater evils than those they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this remedy is in the stomach, restoring the digestive powers, and sending from that organ new health and vigour into every part of the system. It enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming it; brace, without stimulating too violently the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and the general habit; brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations, have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into langor and debility.

The Restorative is absolutely above all recommendation, in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

The most obstinate seminal gleets; and the most distressing cases of flour albus in females falls particularly under the province of this restorative; speedily yield to its benign operation, and are radically cured, by correcting and purifying the acrimonious humors, restoring a proper degree of tension to the relaxed fibres, and strengthening the weakened organs.

In cases of extremity where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverence in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

The grand restorative is prepared in pills as well as in a fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual and lasting effect. Their virtues remain unimpaired for years in any climate.

Dr. Hahn's true and genuine
GERMAN CORN PLAISTER,

And infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

The genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellant minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing cutaneous blemishes of the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, pits after small pox, inflammatory redness, scurfs tetters, ring worms, sun burns, prickly heat, premature wrinkles, &c. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration, which is essential to health, yet its effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth, improving the complexion and restoring the bloom of youth; never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

The Damask Lip Salve

Is recommended (particularly to the ladies) as an elegant and pleasant preparation for chopped and sore lips and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by colds, fevers, &c. speedily restoring a beautiful rosy colour and delicate softness to the lips.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

This most excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, absorbing all that acrimmonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using; being the most speedy, effectual and pleasant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor maketh oath, that this ointment does not contain a single particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its composition, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, and on infants newly born. Price 3-4ths of a dollar each box.

Patent Indian Vegetable Specific,

For the cure of Venereal complaints of every description: An extensive trial of near four years, has proved the Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the venereal virus, however deeply rooted in the constitution, and has restored health to many who have been brought to the brink of the grave by the improper administration of mercury.

Within this period upwards of eight thousand patients have experienced its salutary effects.

With the medicine is given, a description of the symptoms which obtain in every stage of the disease with copious directions for their treatment, so as to accomplish a perfect cure in the shortest time, and with the least inconvenience possible.

Infallible ague and fever drops.

A long eulogium on the virtues of this medicine is unnecessary, as the money will be returned if the patient is not relieved, it never having failed in many thousand cases, not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than a bottle and numbers not half a bottle.

Dr. Hahn's celebrated Anti-Bilious Pill's.

Which have been uniformly successful in the cure of bilious and malignant fevers, and in all disorders of the head, stomach and bowels.

Gowland's Genuine Lotion—Church's Cough Drops—Anderson's Pill's, &c.

☞ Take notice, the above valuable medicines, are sold in Philadelphia by William Young Birch, stationer, No. 17, south second street, and by no one else in the city. Likewise observe that the signature of Lee and Co. (the general agents for the United States) is pasted on the outside of each without which they cannot be genuine.

Purchasers by the dozen or groce will receive a liberal allowance by applying to Lee and Co. Baltimore

March 28. m&taw

NOTICE.

A CERTIFICATE of one Share of the Bank of the United States, No. 29120, in the name of Lewis Peter Quintyn, and a Certificate of two Shares of the said Bank, No. 29119, in the name of George James Chelmondely, Earl of Chelmondely, were forwarded from New York by the Chesterfield British Packet for Falmouth, which was captured by the French, and the Certificates lost or destroyed, and for which application is made at said bank for the renewal thereof, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

February 21. d3m.

This Day Published,

By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut Street,
(Price 25 Cents)
THE
Death of General Washington.
A POEM.

In imitation of the manner of Ossian.

By Rev. JOHN B. LINN, A.M.

Minister of the First Presbyterian Congregation of Philadelphia.

☞ Mr. Chaudron's Oration will be published on Monday morning.

March 15. d.

Three Cents Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber on the evening of the 28th inst. a bound Servant GIRL, named Elizabeth Howckel, had on and took with her three different changes of garment and money proud, bold and impudent, a noted lyar; any person apprehending her shall be entitled to the above reward—no costs or charges will be paid.

N. B. She had 2 years and some months to serve

DANIEL FITZPATRICK.

Goshen Township, Chester County, July 29.
august 6 3awtf

TERMS
Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,
FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE
JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,
From the commencement
Of the American War, in 1774, to the present time,
INCLUDING
The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now first permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat type, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in size, paper, and binding, will be observed throughout the work; so that, while the subscribers become possessed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to subscribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound; but, as the publisher does not intend to print many more than the number subscribed for, a considerable rise on the price may be expected to non-subscribers.

Each volume will contain about one third less of letter-press than the original edition; but, as the publisher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot ascertain the number of volumes which will comprise the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subscribers will have it at their option, either to subscribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the present time, or to those only of the Old Congress prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

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IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are lost in darkness and obscurity, owing to a carelessness, in the succeeding generation, to preserve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in these rude ages, being called off from their domestic concerns, to engage in wars and conquest. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been transmitted to our days? Time, that destroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almost inestimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their assistance in transmitting to posterity the labours of their ancestors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will show the support it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June* 15, 1798.

"To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subscribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Respectfully sheweth,*

"That having, in our respective avocations, frequent occasions to recur to the Journals of Congress, we experience inconvenience by the scarcity of them: That we understand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed prosecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, respectfully solicit, as the publication is necessary to be disseminated among public bodies, that Congress will, in their wisdom render him such additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, so that your Memorialists may be enabled to purchase copies of that record for themselves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samson Levy, T. Rose, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Mifflin, Joseph B. M'Kean, John Beckly, W. Sergeant, John Thompson, Jared Ingersoll, Jasper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibson, M. Keppele, Moses Levy, Robert Forter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander I. Dallas, Joseph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin, John Ewing, Jun. Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Crokshank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker, John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armstrong, Samuel H. Smith.

"True copy from the original Memorial, presented to the House of Representatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for
"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, be authorized and directed, to subscribe, on such terms as they may deem eligible, for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congress, which are proposed to be published by Richard Folwell and such number of copies of deficient volumes of the sets now in print, as may be necessary to complete the same.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved, March 2d, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.
may 20. 1awtf

A SUMMER RETREAT.

TO BE RENTED,
A NEAT AND CONVENIENT
HOUSE,

ON the Frankford Road, two miles from the City, with a good Stable and Garden. Possession may be had immediately. For terms enquire of the Printer.

march 28. d1ot.

TO BE LET,
THE LOT,
At the north-east corner of Arch and Ninth streets,
Now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Busby, as a Board Yard.

☞ Enquire at No. 218 Arch street.
March 17. 3tawtf.

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, January 18.

A letter from Frankfort, dated December 22, ſtates—"We know not what effect the late changes in France may have on the belligerent powers; but it is certain that a good underſtanding is re-eſtabliſhed between the two imperial courts, and the explanations made, ſeem to have revived the coalition. We know not how long this harmony may laſt. The following is the plan which intelligent perſons ſay has been laſt agreed upon for the enſuing campaign.

"Suwarrow will command an army of 130 000 men, viz. 80,000 Ruſſians and 50,000 Palatins, Bavarians, Swiſs and Candians. He will act independently of the Auſtrians, and make his entrance through Franche-Compte. Arrived on the territory of France, Suwarrow will proclaim himſelf regent of the kingdom, and act in that character by means of a ſpecial power obtained from Louis XVIII.

"The archduke Charles will penetrate at the ſame time into Alſace, while General Melas ſhall enter with his army into Provence and Dauphiny through Nice and Barcelonette.

"To ſecond theſe operations, England, which at firſt offered to furniſh an army of 30,000 men, recollected that this army, ſo expenſive, would not be ſo uſeful as a Ruſſian army: and the ſame ſum that would be required for an Engliſh force of 30,000 men would be ſufficient for 100,000 men belonging to the emperor Paul; conſequently it preferred advancing the money, and has promiſed to pay the emperor of Ruſſia the ſum of four millions ſterling, to be at the diſpoſal of the latter on the 1ſt of March next. Pruſſia at this moment does not appear to have entered into theſe arrangements but we ſtill hope to ſee her in the ſpring, taking an active part in favor of coalition."

THE ARMY OF EGYPT.

Grosbert to the Conſuls of the French Republic.

Harbor of Ville-Franche, 11th Nivoſe, (Jan. 2.)

Citizens Conſuls,

General Kleber, commander in chief of the army of Egypt, has directed me to deliver to the government a diſpatch, and to furniſh them by word of mouth with information that may be uſeful to ulterior alterations. He has given me credentials for that purpoſe.

The general received through commodore Smith, the news of the events which had occurred in Europe, to the 23d of Auguſt, old ſtyle, of the laſt year. The reverſes announced by the Gazettes of Frankfort and Milan were exaggerated; but he thought he ſaw, in the maſs of facts, in the ſpeeches and different reports of the members of the legiſlative body, that ſome revolution had taken place, and that in the torments by which France ſeemed to be agitated, the enemy had a powerful influence. Theſe conſiderations, and the extreme difficulty of ſending news to government, ſuggeſted to him precautions to enſure the arrival of it.

The happy events of which I was informed on my arrival at Ville-Franche may diſſipate a part of the apprehenſions which thoſe feel who are ſeparated from the mother country. I preſume that if the duration of the quarantine, which ſhall be preſcribed to me at Toulon, ſhould be too long, I may find the means here of ſending my diſpatch, and I will afterwards give in perſon the explanations which the political ſituation of the eaſt requires.

In conformity with my inſtructions, I am proviſionarily to tranſmit you the following idea:

You will find annexed the report of general Kleber on the affair which took place at Damietta, at the landing of the Janiſſaries. I communicated that victory to the generals and commanders of the ports where our veſſel ſtopped, in order to confirm more and more the minds of men reſpecting the condition and fate of our army. Such an advantage following the brilliant ſucceſs of Aboukir, has effectually inſpired a confidence in that army of defeating the force which the Grand Vizier may lead againſt Egypt. The commandant *en second* of the Janiſſaries, who is a priſoner, has depoſed—

1. That the Porte founded their only hope on that choſen body.

2. That at Conſtantinople they did not rely at all on the army of Syria.

3. That all the Janiſſaries had not landed; and that a ſecond landing of about 2000 men was to be effected.

4. That, in the original plan, that operation was to accompany the landing commanded by the Pacha near Aboukir. He was aſtoniſhed that the Pacha had landed without waiting for them. Patrona Bey* had his head cut off.

The head quarters were on the point of being removed from Cairo, in order to proceed forward, when I ſet out, on the 1ſt Frimaire (Nov. 22). The Grand Vizier's advanced guard, 5,000 ſtrong, was at Gaza. Several Turkiſh veſſels appeared on the 20th Brumaire (Nov. 11). before Damietta; but they afterwards ſet ſail. The ſea on the coaſt between Damietta and El-Alrich is extremely ſtormy at that ſeaſon. Three Turkiſh gun boats, with ſome pieces of artillery and about 55 men, were ſhipwrecked near Tinch and Ompharege.

I did not meet one Turkiſh or Engliſh ſhip after I left the port of Alexandria.

General Kleber and the Grand Vizier are parleying. The idea that there are Ruſſians in the Turkiſh army, renders the inhabitants of Egypt and the men of law fearful and indignant.

The Ruſſian commiſſary is profuſe of money and preſents; he threatens to declare war againſt the Porte, if the latter does not continue hoſtilities againſt the French.

The attachment and the religious opinion of the numerous inhabitants of Greece, the Morea, and the Archipelago, ſeem to promiſe great ſucceſſes to Ruſſia in thoſe ſeas. This idea occupies extremely the mind of the Engliſh commodore. Men can no longer conceive the meaſure and progreſs of Engliſh and Auſtrian politics.

The whole of the army was cloathed in cloth at my departure. This precaution will have a powerful influence in the preſervation of the ſoldiers' health. This expenditure has been defrayed by the exchange of ſome corn from the Upper Egypt, which has been delivered to the merchants.

It is undoubted that the army of the Grand Vizier has been recruited by force; that it has excited againſt it all the inhabitants of Syria by the revolting exceſſes it has committed; that it is almoſt all ill armed; that diſeaſe weaken it daily in a ſeaſon where the rains are abundant in that country; and that its march through the deſart has deſtroyed a part of it. It is alſo certain, that the ſmall number of ſoldiers which Djezzar has furniſhed, will not act with energy †. Ibrahim Bey and the few Mamelukes with him will be guided by ſimilar intereſts to thoſe of the Pacha of Acre. It is notorious that Pacha has ſtrangled a Capidgi whom the Grand Vizier ſent to him to quit Acre, and that he has facilitated the eſcape of a great number of chriſtians who took refuge in Egypt. Theſe different motives, and the vaſt ſuperiority of our troops in valour and information, promiſe general Kleber a complete victory over the Grand Vizier. It will be the laſt; it will have a great influence on the fate of the Turkiſh empire.

Citizen Lepere, in a journey made with Gen. Reigner to Sabbyar, has verified the exiſtence of a canal diſcovered firſt by Gen. Buonaparte, which extends from Suez to Belbeys, and from Belbeys to the Nile. A Cuſtom-houſe was placed on the canal, near the antient city of Hieropolis.—The intermediate point was 54 feet below the level of the Red Sea; the north-eaſt branch, which joined it to the former was filled by the waters of the Nile. The Commiſſion of Arts and Sciences are returning from Upper Egypt; they have brought an intereſting collection of drawings. Citizen Deletre remains to complete his labours. The operation pointed out by the Gen. in Chief, Buonaparte, to collect the Mamelukes ſcattered through Egypt, has ſucceded very well. General Kleber has diſtributed them among the Gen. and ſuperior officers. Theſe young men are attached to their new maſters; they ſee the difference of the treatment they receive from the French, whom they conſider as their ſaivours. Several among thoſe who were in Syria, or who followed Moral Bey, being informed by their comrades, have deſerted. It is preſumed that motive has induced Morad Bey to return to Saed.

A great part of the troops of Upper Egypt are mounted upon dromedaries. This corps has been almoſt doubled.

The ſpirit of the army is excellent; it is animated by the warmeſt confidence in the affection of their former general, and in hopes that his arrival in Europe will recall victory to our armies.

This diſpatch was tranſmitted 13 Nivoſe (Jan. 3) to the commandant of Ville-franche, with an invitation to ſend it to the general commanding in the department of the Maritime Alps. I have written to him to intreat him to ſend it to Paris by an extraordinary courier.

* Patrona Bey was Vice-Admiral of the Turkiſh fleet in the expedition of laſt Thermidor off Aboukir.

† Ulterior intelligence announces that the troops of Djezzar have withdrawn.

Letters from Genoa, of the 6th of January, contain the following intelligence. The report goes that in a conference which took place between the French and Auſtrian generals, it was propoſed, as the condition of an armiſtice, that the French ſhould return to Savona, and the Auſtrians beyond the Magra, and that all that part of Liguria ſituated between thoſe two points ſhould remain neuter. But the Auſtrians Having demanded the occupying of the fort of Gavi, the armiſtice was not concluded: yet it exiſts in fact, all military operations having been ſuſpended.

MONTEGO-BAY, March 1.

Extract of a letter from Savanna-las-Mar, dated Feb. 24, 1800.

"On Tueſday laſt a privateer paſſed this port, which induced the captains of ſhips and inhabitants, to fit out a veſſel to go after her; and captain Wilſon, of the brig Polly, an American, having offered his ſervices, ſhe was equipped with guns, ammunition, &c. and manned with volunteer ſeamen from the ſhipping, and ſome others from the ſhores On Thurſday morning ſhe ſailed, concealing her guns and men, in order to appear as a drogger, and went to windward: She paſſed the privateer, at anchor, near Luana Point, in a few hours after ſailing, who, on ſeeing the ſuppoſed drogger, made after her, and fired a gun at her, on which the Polly hove to; but it is ſuppoſed on heaving to, the privateer got a glimpſe of her guns, and made off with her ſweeps; the Polly had juſt time to fire three guns into her before ſhe was out of her reach.

"We have not ſeen her ſince; but we heard yeſterday, thas there were three picaroons at anchor at Little Bay, probably owing to the North, not being able to get round the Weſt end."

Wedneſday arrived the ſchooner Falcon, Brown, from Baltimore, in 19 days.

The ſchooner Moſes, Jackſon, from Wiſcaſſet, arrived at Falmouth on Wedneſday laſt.

On the 11th of December, a French ſquadron of one ſhip of 42 guns, one of 36, one of 28, and a brig, appeared off the bar of Bonny, and began to ſound, and equip formidable launches, with heavy guns to attack the veſſels then in Bonny river, which operations were carried on till the 15th, when the commanders of the ſhips then in the river, numbering nine ſail, came to the reſolution of giving the enemy battle; they weighed anchor accordingly, and proceeded to a proper ſituation for the mooring of their ſhips, and erected a battery on an adjacent iſland—the French ſquadron obſerving theſe preparations, made ſail the next day and ſtood to the ſouthward. From the departure of the French ſquadron, till Capt. Leathom ſailed (the 23d of Dec.) the trade remained unmoleſted.

Yeſterday arrived the ſloop Cleopatra, Troop, from New York, in 24 days.

KINGSTON, March 1.

Some intelligence has lately arrived, of extreme importance to this iſland, and we have authority to ſtate iss purport—That from the active and vigorous meaſures adopted during martial law, the apprehending of Sas Portas, the delegate of the Directory, and the exemplary puniſhment inflicted upon that incendiary, ſent here by the agent Roume, the revolutionary flame, which the wild and unprincipled enthuſiaſm of the French government had prepared to extend to this flouriſhing colony, is extinguiſhed. The Artillerie Volante, that formidable body, emphatically ſtyled by its leader, Marſhal Beſſe, La Colonne Infernale, (the column of hell) which was to have carried deſolation into the heart of this country, is already annihilated.

We have further the pleaſure of ſtating, that every preparation for the threatened expedition againſt Jamaica, has been laid aſide, and that the danger, lately impending, has been effectually fruſtrated and done away.

The American ſchooner Barbara, Capt. Clay, has been cut out of Orange bay, near the Weſt end, by a ſmall privateer.—Captain Clay was on ſhore when it happened.

An American ſchooner, from Cape Francois to Jeremie, with fuſtic and cotton, detained by his Majeſty's ſhip L'Amiable, arrived on Saturday.

General Desforneaux, formerly Governor of Guadaloupe, has been taken and carried into Portſmouth.

The ſhip Lord Rodney, Captain Johnſton is arrived at Old Harbour from Liverpool, which port ſhe left about the 26th December laſt—The day before Captain J. made Madeira, he fell in with the convoy, with twelve ſail in company, and a privateer in ſight, that had taken ſeveral of the fleet, one of which, the Lady Harewood was retaken.

Before the packet left Martinique, ſeveral veſſels belonging to the above fleet had arrived, and reported eight ſail to have been taken.

MONTEGO-BAY, March 8.

Laſt Wedneſday ſe'nnight, arrived at Port Royal, the Earl of Leiceſter packet, capt. Richards, with the January mail, in 41 days from Falmouth.

Laſt Monday arrived at Falmouth, the ſhip Elizabeth, Stevenſon, one of the London fleet. The fleet for the Weſt Indies ſailed from Portſmouth on the 26th December, under convoy of the Apollo frigate, capt. Aalkett, and Hornet ſloop, captain Naſh. Nine ſail for this iſland left Barbadoes the 21ſt ult. under convoy of the Apollo, viz. Elizabeth, as above mentioned; Reward, Leach; New Lioneſs, Ritchie; Nero, Storey; Golden Grove, Butler; Flora, Gardner; Boſtock, Kelly; Roſina, Johns; and Pierſon, Campbell, which are all ſafe arrived at their reſpective ports.

Off Cape Finiſtere, the Apollo took a large Spaniſh ſhip from Rio de la Plata, bound to Spain, which is carried into Kingſton. After the fleet paſſed Madeira, the Hornet took a brig from Spain for Vera Cruz, which the Hornet carried to Martinique; both theſe veſſels had valuable cargoes.

The fleet with the French Negroes on board, ſailed yeſterday ſe'nnight from Bluefields for Martinique, under convoy of the Tiſiphone 20 gun ſhip.

The Polly, Bruce, from Savannah, arrived at Savanna-la Mar, the 27th ult.

Wedneſday anchored here the American ſhip John, Hatch, from Falmouth.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE,

Two very valuable Farms,

SITUATED

IN the townſhip of Springfield, and county of Burlington, containing about two hundred acres each. The Woodland and Meadow, of which there is a ſufficient quantity, is not inferior to any in the State.

To attract the notice of perſons reſiding within the county of Burlington, deſirous of purchaſing good land, 'tis only neceſſary to mention that theſe farms are parts of that excellent tract of 1200 acres lately owned by Samuel Bullus.

The terms of ſale will be made convenient to the purchaſer and may be known by applying to the ſubſcribers. Thoſe who may wiſh to view the land, will pleaſe to call on William or Iſrael Shinn, the preſent occupants.

SAMUEL HOUGH,
JOSEPH McILWAINE,
Attornies in fact for John Bullus and Ruth Bullus.

Burlington, New Jerſey,
March 12, 1800. d1m

BALL POSTPONED.

Mr. FRANCIS

AT the requeſt of his Scholars has poſtponed his Ball, which was to have been on Tueſday the 1ſt of April to a future day.

N. B.—Mr. F. begs leave to remind his Scholars and the public in general, that after the 1ſt of April he will remove his School to Harmony Court. Days of Tuition for the preſent week, Thurſday and Saturday at the uſual hours.

march 31. d

For Sale,

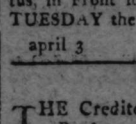
The Cargo of the ſhip Molly, captain Swain, from Batavia,

CONSISTING OF

SUGAR in whole and half canniſters,
Ceribon Coffee,
Black Pepper,
Sapan Dye Wood,
Ebony, and
Thirty two bales of Cotton Yarn.

ALSO, THE SAID

SHIP



MOLLY,

BURTHEN four thouſand three hundred barrels of Flour, mounts 18 nine pounders, with ſhot and ſmall arms compleat and is newly coppered to the bends with patent copper. Apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

March 15. tu.th&ſa.tf.

FOR CHARLESTON,

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THE BRIG

CYRUS,

WM. DAGGET, jun. *Maſter,*

WILL ſail in ſix days. For freight or paſſage apply to the maſter on board at Walnut ſtreet Wharf, or to

ABRAHAM VAN BEUREN,
No. 109, So. Front ſtreet.

FOR SALE,

ON BOARD SAID BRIG,

100 boxes Boſton Chocolate
5 pipes Holland Gin
5 hhds. and 3 barrels N England Rum
6 caſes Eſſence of Spruce
Wrapping Paper, &c.

march 29. d6t.

PRIZE-MONEY!

SHIP GANGES.

DIVIDENDS for the Letter of Marque ſchooner Rebbenſe, and L'Eugenie, the former captured the 5th of Auguſt laſt off St. Bartholomews, the latter the 20th of ſame month off St. Croix, will be paid at the houſe of Lewis Albertus, in Front ſtreet, below the Drawbridge, on TUESDAY the 15th inſt.

april 3 dt15

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late houſe of *Irwin & Bryſon*, of Lexington, Kentucky, are hereby informed, that a dividend of ſuch monies of that firm, as have been received by the ſubſcriber, will be made on the twentieth day of April next, among thoſe creditors who ſhall have before that time furniſhed their accounts properly atteſted to

WILSON HUNT.
Acting aſſignee.

March 15. dt20

A COUNTRY SEAT.

FOR SALE,

THAT handſome Country Seat, belonging to the eſtate of Adam Zantzinger, deceaſed; ſituated on Schuylkill, near Gray's Ferry, containing about 21 acres of land, on which is erected, a large, commodious brick houſe, three rooms on a floor, with a large piazza. A good barn, coach houſe, &c. and a pump of excellent water. The buildings are nearly new, and in good condition. There is alſo on the premiſes a noted Rock, called Rambo's, which is one of the beſt landings and fiſhing places on the river. The garden is large and very productive, as is the remainder of the land which lays high, and commands a beautiful view of both rivers, the city and the neighbourhood.

Poſſeſſion can be had immediately.

A further deſcription is deemed unneceſſary, as it is expected the premiſes will be viewed previous to a ſale, and the price terms of payment, &c. will be made known by

HENRY ZANTZINGER,
Adminiſtrator to ſaid eſtate, No. 165, Market ſtreet.

N. B.—In caſe the above property is not diſpoſed of at private ſale, it will then be ſold at the Merchant's Coffee Houſe, on Saturday the 26th inſt at 7 o'clock in the evening.

april 3 mw&ſ.tf

THE HEALTH OFFICE

Is removed to No. 141 South Front Street,

Near the Drawbridge.

April 1. d2w

Taxes of Lycoming County.

JOHN KIDD, Treaſurer,

BY Direction of the *Commiſſioners* of Lycoming county, attends at Philadelphia to receive the Taxes aſſeſſed upon unſeated Lands in that County, from the holders thereof, in this City. Thoſe who have filed with the Commiſſioners, ſtatements of their Lands, are requeſted to call upon him, to know the amount of Taxes thereon, and pay them; otherwiſe, before his leaving the City, they will be put into the hands of the Sheriff for collection, agreeably to the act for raiſing county rates and levies Thoſe who have not filed ſtatements of their lands with the Commiſſioners, and are deſirous of having it done, to prevent ſales without previous perſonal Notice, may file with the above Treaſurer, their liſts, ſtating the quantities returned, number and dates of the warrants and names of the warrantees, under which they hold their lands. He will attend at Mr. Joſeph Hardy's No. 98, Market ſtreet for this purpoſe until the 18th inſtant.

November 9.

COUNTRY SEAT.

TO be let that Country Seat, known by the name of Par eville, ſituate near the upper ferry on the eaſt ſide of Schuylkill two and an half miles from the Court houſe; it contains about 10 acres of land, a beautiful houſe and garden, with a large barn, coach houſe and ſtables.

Pleaſe to enquire at the office No. 96 Arch ſt.

April 4. d3t

PROPOSALS

By WILLIAM COBBETT,

For importing the following periodical publications:

1. The British Critick;
2. The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine;
3. The Gentleman's Magazine;
4. Le Mercure Britanique, or The British Mercury.

THE *Britiſh Critick* is a regular Review of all the works publiſhed in Great Britain; it is conducted with great impartiality and ability, and of the numerous publications of the kind which do now appear, and which have appeared in Great Britain; it is univerſally allowed to be the beſt.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

The Anti-Jacobin Review and Magazine is as its title ſeems to indicate, rather more confined, as to the nature of its ſubjects, but it certainly is not leſs calculated for extenſive utility. This work is divided into four departments: 1 Original Criticiſm—2 A Review of the other Reviews—3 Occaſional Eſſays, in proſe and verſe—and 4th, A Monthly Summary of Hiſtory and Politics. Every ſix months it has a ſupplement, containing a review of foreign works, not forgetting thoſe of America. The Anti-Jacobin dwells leſs on ſubjects which are merely literary and ſcientific, than on thoſe which have a more immediate influence on ſociety. With a bold and maſterly hand, it corrects the blunderings of error, traces the intricate windings of miſrepreſentation, and ſtrips off the maſk of hypocriſy. The avowed champion of the church and the ſtate, it ſpares the enemies of neither, whether open or ſecret; and, ſcorning the puſillanimous defenſive, upon which the friends of truth have too long acted, it carries on a continual and vigorous offenſive warfare againſt anarchy, immorality, and irreligion, and thus eſtabliſhes by its uniform conduct, its right to the title it has aſſumed.

[*Price 50 Cents.*]

The Gentleman's Magazine, a work ſtamped with the approbation of three ſcore years, conſiſts chiefly, of communications from antiquaries and cultivators, and of original eſſays, in verſe and proſe written by the moſt learned and ingenious men in the kingdom, and embracing by turns, almoſt every ſubject intereſting to man. The miſcellaneous part of the work is followed by a ſelection of authentick foreign and domeſtick intelligence, including official reports, ſtate-papers, and an abſtract of the proceedings in parliament; next comes a very copious obituary, being not merely a liſt of deaths, but a valuable ſeries of biography; to which is added, a Meteorological Diary and Table, a Bill of Mortality for London and its environs, a table of the average prices of corn, and of the ſtocks, for every day in the month: So that this work muſt ever be an entertaining and uſeful companion, not only to thoſe who are of the learned profeſſions, commonly ſo called, but to the merchant, the farmer, and, in ſhort, to every man, whatever may be the ſubject of his ſtudy, or the object of his purſuit.

[*Price 40 Cents.*]

Le Mercure Britannique, or, *Britiſh Mercury*; by Monſieur Mallet Du Pan.—This work, of which one number is publiſhed every fortnight, in French and in Engliſh, commenced in Auguſt 1798. and is continued with encreaſing ſpirit and celebrity. It is both *hiſtorical* and *critical*; it contains a ſummary, and is the repoſitory, of all the important events, eſtabliſhed facts and public inſtruments, which relate to the preſent æra; it inveſtigates points of fact, of politics, and national rights; it extends its view over all the nations of Europe, examines the conduct and diſcloſes the motives of their reſpective courts; it is in ſhort a brief and comprehenſive hiſtory of the times, equally remarkable for the elegance of its ſtyle, the profundity of its remarks, and the ſoundneſs of its principles.

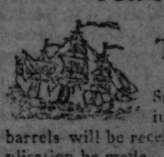
[*Price 50 Cents.*]

Theſe four works compriſe every thing uſeful in the periodical way. Gentlemen may ſubſcribe for all, or for either, of them. The firſt order is intended to be ſent off on the 1ſt of May next; the ſucceſſive numbers will be received at New York in two months upon an average after, their publication in London; ſo that thoſe which are ſubſcribed for on or before the 1ſt of May, will be received in September; after which they will with very little irregularity, come to hand once a month, the importer having made ſuch arrangements as cannot fail of ſecuring punctuality on the part of his correſpondents.

☞ Subſcriptions will be received from any part of America, by J. W. FENNO, Philadelphia. No advance is required. The prices are but four cents a number higher than in London.

April 3.

FOR ST. THOMAS's,



THE SHIP

Thomas Chalkley,

Thomas Kenny, Maſter.

Sails fair and expected to depart in ſix or eight days, 3 or 400 barrels will be received on freight, if ſpeedy application be made.

For which or paſſage apply to

MOORE WHARTON,
No. 111 South Water ſtreet.

March 22 dtf

Juſt Arrived,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

THE CARGO

OF THE SHIP PHILADELPHIA,

Theodore Bliſs, Commander, from Bengal.

CONSISTING OF

An aſſortment of Piece Goods.
Sugars of the firſt quality,
And 200 qr. cheſts of ſuperior quality Hyſon Teas.

Willings & Francis, and
Thomas & John Clifford.

March 17. d.

Good Wages

WILL be given to two or three perſons to wait upon gentlemen for their ſubſcription to Rowlett's Tables of Diſcount and Exchanges. Apply at No. 19 (oppoſite the Sugar Houſe) Chriſt Church alley.

N. B—None but perſons of genteel addreſs and activity need apply.

april 2 3t

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 5.

An Eastern Editor, speaking of the last pamphlets of Peter Porcupine mentions that he has issued proposals for a half monthly paper. Alluding to its title the Editor has very happily quoted that passage in Milton's Masque of Comus, where the wanderers in a gloomy wood exclaim

"Unmuffle, ye faint stars, and thou, fair moon
That wont'st to love the traveller's benison,
Stoop thy pale visage through an amber cloud,
And disinherit Chaos that reigns here
In double night of darkness and of shades;
Or if your influence be quite dampt'd up
With black usurping mists, some gentle taper
Though A ROSH CANDLE from the wicker hole
Of some clay habitation, visit us
With thy long level'd rule of streaming light
And thou shall be our star of Arcady
Or Tyrian Cynosure."

[In this dull hour of "Spring" April, when the fields are too moist, and the air too muskey, for men to expatiate abroad, suppose that they should exclaim "welcome, kindred glooms," and be willing to encounter Ennui, a dull Saturday and a heavy sermon.]

"Why art thou, being the king's son, lean from day to day?"

ALL men, whether the sons of a king, or a hind, will be lean from day to day, yea, much emaciated, if harrassed by furious passions, as that vicious youth was, to whom the above anxious question was proposed.

But, to understand the moral, we must first tell a short story.

Among the numerous progeny of David, was the princess of Tamar, a very fair, and, as it appears, a very virtuous young woman. Her charms would naturally attract admirers, and, in that croud of lovers, who presented themselves at the toilet of high birth and beauty, a *brother* was strangely and unfortunately the foremost. Ammon, the son of David, was the criminal enamorato. In the strong language of the context, he was so vexed that he fell sick for his sister. It is melancholy to dwell upon the depravity of human nature; and none, but demoniac painters, delight in sketching, what demands colours, entirely black. The disgusting progress of unnatural passion, it were unnecessary and injurious to detail. But some useful lessons may be acquired, by attending to the import of that interrogation, copied in the text. The disorder of Ammon's mind was so legible in his face, that Jonadab, his friend, demanded of him, "Why art thou, being the king's son, lean from day to day."

The response assigned a cause, which, if true, was enough to create inquietude in any breast; that he was in love with one forbidden him, by natural and divine laws, that he was preposterously inchanted with the person of his own sister.

Tempestuous passion, how lean, how careworn, how forlorn are thy subjects. Let fortune's favourites, let a prince banquet on the rich cates of a palace, and if thou, tyrannick power, impel, he shall not be filled with good things, but shall go *lean* and hungry away.

Why art thou, O Miser, lean amid thy store? Thy coffers look full, but thin are thy sides and cheeks. A common gazer would suppose thou hadst enough to "buy food and get thee into flesh." Thou art not in love with thy sister, nor with any of the human race, thou art not worn with anxiety for the child of misfortune, nor careful with much care of the stranger that is within thy gates. They are never opened, but to him, who wanteth to borrow—on usury. But why ask of thee, sullen mortal, these questions? When thou lockest up thy gold from the claims of others, from the claims of thyself, 'tis AVARICE that bids thee grow lean, and commands, like ruthless Shylock, a pound of flesh from the heart.

No external circumstances, however fair and flourishing, can prevent that emphatical species of pining, generated by vile passion. Men may become consumptive from an ill habit of the body; but there is a wasting of the spirit; and this disorder who can heal?

Let us, therefore, be on our guard against the deleterious effects of passion. Why should we strive to be lean from day to day, when on the common bounties of Providence we may fatten. Men reduce themselves to skeletons by immoderate indulgence, and force their friends to ask the painful question why do ye so, seeing ye are kings over yourselves? Criminal desires, carking cares reduce health and happiness. If we must be anxious in any pursuit, let it be in quest of virtue: If we must, in the words of a picturesque writer, be solicitous, let us for God's sake be solicitous only to live well.

THE LAY PREACHER.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 1.

Six per Cent.	16/4
Three per Cent.	9/10
Deferred 6 per Cent.	15/5 to 6
8 per Cent Stock	3¾
BANK United States,	25
——— Pennsylvania,	20
——— North America,	50

ADV.

Insurance comp. N. A. shares 7 per cent. below par.
——— Pennsylvania, shares, 20 per cent. adv.
East-India Company of N. A. 10 per cent advance
Land Warrants, 32 dolls. per 100 acres.

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

London,	75 at 30 days
	73 & 74 at 60 à 90 days
Amsterdam,	35 37 à-100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 23 à-100 per Mark Banco.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, April 4.

Mr. Griswold, from the committee of revisal and unfinished business, pursuant to order, brought in the following bills, viz.

An act to repeal the act laying duties on mills and implements employed in the manufacture of snuff.

An act to continue in force the act intituled "an act to authorise the defence of merchant vessels of the United States against French depredations"—and

An act to continue in force the act in addition to the act for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States.

The two first bills were ordered to be engrossed and read a third time on Monday—and the third was referred to a committee of the whole house, and made the order of the day for Monday next.

Mr. Harper, from the committee of ways and means, brought in a bill to make appropriations for the navy of the United States, during the year 1800, which was read a first and second time, and committed for Monday next.

The bill intituled an act for the better government of the navy of the United States, was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Harrison brought in a bill to authorise the Secretary of the Treasury to lease certain salt springs, the property of the United States, in the territory N. W. of the Ohio, which was read a first and second time, and committed to the committee of the whole to whom was referred the report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the petition of David Jones, on the same subject.

Mr. Pinckney, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of William Hill and others, of North Carolina, made a report, which was committed for Monday next.

Mr. Dana presented a petition of William Bradley, a major in the 4th United States regiment of infantry, stating, that in consequence of fulfilling the orders of government, the animosity of certain people had been excited against him, who stole and shot a valuable horse; for which he prays compensation—Referred to the committee of claims.

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill to make further provision for the removal and accommodation of the government of the United States—Mr. Morris in the chair—when

Mr. Harper moved to amend the bill by inserting after the words "for the accommodation of the President of the United States," the following words—"*who shall be elected for the term commencing on the 4th March* 1801." Mr. H. made this motion, in order to avoid all apprehension that the appropriation was unconstitutional—the constitution having declared that the compensation of the President shall neither be increased or diminished during his continuance in office.

Mr. Thatcher supposed the intention of the bill was to accommodate the President on his removal to the city of Washington, as the furniture would then be wanted, and Mr. Gordon thought if the amendment obtained, the business had better be deferred till the next session.

Mr. Harper replied, that as the President now in office would not be compelled to reside there more than three months, the furniture now in use would answer a temporary purpose. It was a desirable object to make this appropriation without view to any particular person.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Harper then moved to fill the blank in the first section, with 20,000 dollars—Mr. H. said, if the whole of the house were finished and occupied, three times that sum would not be sufficient.

Mr. J. Brown thought, that an appropriation of 10,000 dollars at present would be sufficient; and moved to fill the blank with that sum.

Mr. Nicholas supported this motion—He had no idea it was necessary to go into a perfectly new establishment or of style in the manner of living, and hoped they should not, because a large house had been put there, go into an estimate of the whole sum necessary to furnish it.

Mr. Randolph said, it had been his intention to move to strike out this section, but it having been amended, and therefore not now in order, he would endeavor to defeat it; with this view, he would move to fill the blank with 500 dollars, and proceeded to give his reasons for making the motion.

After some observations from Mr. Harper and Mr. Thatcher in reply, the former withdrew his motion for filling the blank with 20,000, and seconded the motion for 10,000.

Mr. Gallatin objected to this sum; he was against making any appropriation at present—but if the measure was to be persisted in, he wished the blank to be filled with a sum that was absolutely necessary, and adequate to the purpose.

Mr. Thatcher had no idea of an elegant house being meanly furnished; and was ready to vote 100,000 dollars, if necessary, to make the inside correspond with the exterior.

After some observations from Messrs. Nicholas and H. Lee, the latter renewed the motion to fill the blank with 20,000 dollars.

Mr. Livingston wished to have estimates of the sum necessary to be appropriated, and that the sub-committee should be instructed to procure them—with this view, he moved that the committee rise, and ask leave to sit again.

Messrs. Harper, I. C. Thomas, and Macon opposed this motion, which was negatived.

The question for filling the blank with 20,000 was then taken and negatived; ayes 38; noes 45.

It was then moved to fill the blank with 15,000; which was carried, ayes 44; noes 42; and the other motions for 10,000 and 500 dollars were lost of course.

On motion of Mr. Harper, an amendment was introduced authorising the expenditure of this money under the direction of the heads of the executive departments of the United States.

The blank in the third section for defraying the expences of removal of the houshold of the President, was filled with 1000 dolls.

Mr. Gallatin, previous to the question being taken on this motion, moved to strike out the section, on the ground of its being unconstitutional.

Mr. Harper said, this objection might be obviated by an amendment declaring the appropriation to be for the removal of the public property in the possession of the President.

The question on striking out the section was negatived—ayes 25; and Mr. Harper's amendment agreed to.

Mr. D. Foster moved to strike out the fifth section, which provides for the paving of the city—ayes 21.

Mr. S. Smith moved the following additional section:

And be it further enacted, That a sum equal to one quarters salary be, and hereby is allowed each of the clerks in the several departments of the secretary of State, secretary of the treasury; secretary of war, and secretary of the navy; and to the clerks in the general post office in lieu of all charges and expences attending their respective removal to the city of Washington.

The section was agreed to—ayes 52; and the committee rose, and reported their agreement to the bill as amended—when Mr. Gallatin moved to strike out the second section, which provides for furnishing the President's house; he was originally in favor of this section, because he considered the appropriation was to have been for the immediate use of the President; but it having been considered unconstitutional, he could not see the necessity of making an appropriation at this time, for his successor.

The motion was negatived, only 26 members voting in favor of it; and the bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time on Monday next.

A message was received from the President of the United States, by his Secretary Mr. Shaw, informing the house, that the President did on the third inst. approve and sign an act intituled, "An act to extend the priviledge of franking letters and packages to Martha Washington," and on the fourth instant, an act intituled "An act to establish an uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States"—both which originated in this house.

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Otis their secretary, notifying that the Senate have passed the bill to establish a general stamp office, with sundry amendments, the bill and amendments were referred to the committee of ways and means.

Mr. D. Foster, from the committee of claims, made a report on two petitions of Jacob Dager, praying a pension, and the settlement of an old demand for services as a waggoner. The report was against the petitions, and was concurred in by the House.

A message was received from the Senate informing the house, that they have rejected the bill to prevent the interference of any military force, in certain elections.

Adjourned till Monday.

Extract of a letter from one of the most respectable houses in Liverpool to a gentleman in Baltimore, dated February 5.

"We have just time, by this conveyance, to inform you that wheat has this day been sold at 24s per 70lbs. A cargo of flour is arrived from New York, for which 20s. a 84s. per bbl. is expected. New rice is 35s a 36s per cwt. and all in great demand."

NEW-YORK, April 4.

Our boat returned late last night from the Narrows, where she went within a hearing distance of the ship Industry, capt. Rudd, 123 days from Canton. She sailed in company with the ship New Jersey, Rossiter, of Philadelphia. The ship Jane, M'Pherson, of Philadelphia, sailed 21 days before the Industry, as did the Aereal, Coates of do. and the Eliza, of Boston. The Sampson had not arrived. Left there the Mary of New-York, and the Canton, of Philadelphia, which ship had a short passage out.

There was a ship, a brig, two schooners and a sloop in 5 days from Charleston below last night, when our boat left the Narrows.

Extract of a letter from on board the schooner Sisters, belonging to this port, to a gentleman in this city, dated St. Bartholomews, March 5, 1800.

"I arrived the 27th Feb.—a few days after we left New York, we met with continual gales of wind, which made us a complete wreck and drove us so far off the coast that we had despaired of ever seeing land again after tossing about upon the ocean for 65 days, starving with hunger and perishing with thirst we was relieved by capt. Rutherford in a schooner from Newburyport, bound to this place who took us on board and used us extremely well; after being on board of him about three weeks, we fell in with, and was captured by a French privateer, who made us prisoners of war, and sent us to Eustatia, from thence they sent here for exchange—we arrived here on the 27th Feb. in great distress, without money or clothes, but blessed be God, he has provided for us in the midst of distress, for on our arrival here we were sent for by Mr. Wall, the American consul, who took us in his family, where we still remain, waiting for an opportunity to return home.

Such is said to be the situation of the Brest fleet, that it cannot remain any length of time at Brest, for want of provisions, and in the nature of things they cannot proceed to any great distance without them. This is somewhat like the difficulty in which the Poet GOLDSMITH found himself when he declared, that he could not *go out* for fear of the *Bailiffs*, nor remain *at home* for the dunning of his *Landlady*.

[*Lond. Pap.*

Port of Philadelphia.

Arrived at the Fort, last Evening.

Ship Roebuck, Sterling, from Bengal, with a Cargo of Bale goods, &c. Consigned to Willings and Francis. The Roebuck sailed from Bengal, in company with the Philadelphia and Neptune, and put into Norfolk a few days since.

Arrived at the Fort, this Morning.

Ship Harmony, Kollock, Calcutta
Brig Jane, Cook, Port Republican

Ship Industry, Budd, from Canton, has arrived at New-York.

Ship Thomas Russel has arrived at Boston from London.—Sailed first week in February Ship Fame, Jones, of and for this port, is supposed to have sailed in company.

NEW THEATRE.

On Monday evening, April 7,
For the third time here,
Will be presented, a celebrated Drama, (in five acts) called

THE CASTLE SPECTRE.

Osmond, Mr Cooper—Angela, Mrs. Merry.

In act 1st. A superb Gothic Hall, arched roof, enriched with ancient sculpture.

Act 2d. A Grand Armoury, with piles of armour arranged as in the tower of London; Banners, &c. A Gothic Chamber on the top of a tower, over the river Conway, from a high window, over which Percey leaps, and is caught by fishermen below.

Act 3d. A view of the river Conway at sun set, and view of Conway Castle at a distance. A Gothic State Bed Chamber, ornamented with ancient portraits.

Act 4th. An oratory of a Chapel, transparent windows illuminated, &c.

Act 5th. A distant view of Conway Castle by moon-light. A Gloomy Subterraneous Dungeon and Cavern, excavated roof, &c.

To which will be added, a Comic Opera in two acts, called

LOCK AND KEY.

Box, one Dollar, Pit, three quarters of a dollar, and Gallery half a dollar.

☞ The doors of the Theatre will open at a quarter past 5, and the curtain rise at a quarter past six.

VIVAT RESPUBLICA.

JUST COME TO HAND,
And for sale at
W. YOUNG, J. & J. CRUKSHANK, AND THOMAS DOBSON'S BOOKSTORES,

A POEM,
Sacred to the memory of
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
Late President of the United States, and Commander in Chief of the Armies of the United States.

Adapted to the 22d February 1800.

BY *RICHARD ALSOP.*

march 26.

CHINA GOODS.

Imported in the ship New Jersey, *from Canton, and for sale by Archibald McCall, No. 187 South Second Street,*
White and Yellow Nankeens,
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson skin,
Bohea and Souchong Teas,
Black Sattins and Lutestrings, Hair Ribbons,
Cassia, and Rheubarb in chests,
Sugar in boxes and bags.

ALSO ON HAND,
A small assortment of China ware, and a few Hhds Prime Jamaica Sugars.

April 4. dtf

MAP OF NEW JERSEY.

A PLAN of a Company for procuring an accurate Map of New Jersey, may be seen at the Book Store of Mr. Dobson, by whom subscriptions are received.

The Company have been incorporated by a late act of the Legislature of that State, and more than 1200 shares have already been subscribed for.

April 4. d10t

To be Sold or Rented,

THAT large three story HOUSE, No. 44, Pine street, occupied by John Nixon, Esq.—For terms apply at No. 42, next door.

March 26. dtf

To be Rented,

AND immediate possession given, if required, a new two story Brick House and Kitchen, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, on the great road to Newtown. Enquire of the Printer.

march 27 dtf.

WAS LOST.

WHEREAS a Promissary Note of *W. Brounger* dated July 16th. 1798 for the sum of £230 sterling, payable to Mr *Thomas Button* or order for value received of *Thomas Flather*, London, was shortly after the said date left at the bar of the Pennsylvania Coffee House, London, inclosed in a parcel addressed to Mr. *Patrick Bridgetown*, West Jersey, North America, to be forwarded by the William Penn, Captain Josiah, for Philadelphia. The said parcel and note have by some accident been miscarried and no intelligence has been obtained of it—It is requested that any person holding such note will give notice to the Printer of this paper; and on producing the same within two months after the insertion of this advertisement shall receive twenty-four dollars reward.

N. B. No greater reward will be offered, as the note can be of no use but to the owner.

Bridgetown, March 27. (A. 2.) ¶e01 n

AUTHENTIC LIFE OF SUWOROW.

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND
FOR SALE,
AT THIS OFFICE,
A SKETCH OF THE
Life and Character
OF
PRINCE ALEXANDER SUWOROW RYMNIKSKI,
Field-Marshal General in the service of His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of all the Russias,
WITH
The History of his Campaigns.

Translated from the German of Frederick Anthing.

To which is added,
A concise and comprehensive History of
His Italian Campaign.
By William Cobbett.
With an elegant Print-Portrait of that renowned Warrior.
[Price 2 1-2 Dollars.]

Portrait of Marshal Suworow.

Gentlemen desirous of possessing a capital likeness, executed in the first style, of this illustrious Christian Chieftain, may be furnished with particular proof impressions, at this office, price one Dollar.

February 22.

PROPOSALS
BY A. DICKINS & J. ORMROD,
FOR PUBLISHING
The Pursuits of Literature,
A SATIRICAL POEM
IN FOUR DIALOGUES,
WITH NOTES.

To which will be Annexed,
A VINDICATION OF THE WORK,
AND
TRANSLATIONS
Of all the Greek, Latin, Italian, and French passages, quoted in the Prefaces, Vindication and Notes.
BY THE AUTHOR.

PROPOSALS.

The Work will be printed from the last London edition, and will form a large octavo volume of about 500 pages, including an index which this edition will alone possess.

It shall be elegantly executed and be delivered to subscribers at the moderate price of *two dollars and fifty cents*, in boards. To others it will be raised.

N. B.—It is now in the Press, and will be finished with all possible speed.

*** Subscriptions will be received by A. Dickins, No. 25, North Second Street, opposite Christ Church, and J. Ormrod, No. 41, Chesnut-street, and by the principal Booksellers throughout the United States.

march 27, 3awtf.

MAP OF NEW-JERSEY.

THE commissioners appointed for the purpose of circulating subscription papers, to the proposed plan of procuring an accurate Map of New-Jersey, immediately after their appointment transmitted printed copies of the plan to various persons in the several counties of this state, and in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, and since that time, through the medium of the public prints, have requested the gentlemen entrusted with those papers, to return the number of subscribers by them respectively procured, to James Salter, Esq. at Trenton, on or before the 6th day of February last. The number of subscriptions received, not amounting to two thousand, the commissioners did not conceive themselves authorized to fix a day for the meeting of the company; nevertheless being of opinion from respectable information, that the actual subscriptions are nearly, if not fully, adequate to the complete organization of the company, if they could be ascertained by regular returns, and being convinced that a trifling degree of exertion, on the part of the persons holding the subscription lists would enable them to carry the intention of the subscribers into effect, they have by the unanimous advice and consent of the subscribers, whom they have been able to consult, fixed on the 14th day of May next, being the 2d day of the sitting of the supreme court, for a meeting of the subscribers at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the State House in Trenton, for the purpose of electing five Trustees and a Treasurer, if the number of subscriptions should be sufficient, or in any event to determine on the measures necessary to secure the attainment of an object so useful to the state.

From the universal approbation exhibited by their fellow citizens, at the commencement of this undertaking, it was to be expected that the subscriptions returned would have ensured its immediate execution, and the commissioners are persuaded if proper attention is paid to the procuring of subscriptions, to their punctual return at the time fixed for the meeting, and to the attendance of the subscribers, either in person or by proxy, that no farther delay will take place in commencing the operations of the company, in time for their execution during the course of the ensuing summer.

WILLIAM PEARSON,
MASKEL EWING,
THOMAS M. POTTER, } Commrs.

TRENTON, March 22, 1800.

N. B. Subscription papers are left with the following (among other) gentlemen, in their respective counties, to whom those persons desirous of promoting the object of the company are requested to apply:

Wm. Campfield, Esq.	*Morris*
Gershom Dunn, Esq.	*Middlesex*
Artis Seagrave, Esq.	*Salem.*
Silas Dickerson, Esq.	*Sussex*
George Burgin, Esq.	*Cumberland,*
Wm M'Ewen, Esq.	*Somerset.*
William Lloyd, Esq.	*Monmouth*
Joseph Hankinson, Esq	*Hunterdon.*
Peter Ward, Esq.	*Bergen.*
Charles Clark, Esq.	*Essex.*

The above gentlemen, with all others holding subscription papers, are particularly requested to forward the original subscription papers, to *James Salter*, Esq. Treasurer on or before the 14th day of May next.

March 26,

NOTICE.

THE Members of the Philadelphia Contributionship for the Insurance of Houses from loss by fire, are hereby notified, that an Election will be held at the Court House in High Street, on the 14th instant, betweeen the hours of two and five in the afternoon, in order to choose twelve directors and a treasurer, for the ensuing year.

By order of the Directors.

CALEB CARMALT, Clerk.

Philadelphia, 4th month, 3d. ¶fmf

A NEW

MUSICAL REPOSITORY

IS NOW OPENED

At CHALK's Circulating Library,

No. 73 North Third Street,

WHERE may be had, *all the Fashionable Music* composing the songs &c. lately sold at the Repository in South Second Street. To which, in a few days, will be added, some PIANO FORTES of a very superior tone and quality, Flutes, Fifes, Violins, best Roman Violin Strings, and every other article in the musical line, which will be sold in prime order, and on the most reasonable terms.

Subscriptions received for the *Musical Journal* for the Piano Forte, and the Flute or Violin, the first six numbers of which are already published, and may be purchased together or separately by non-subscribers.

March 6, 1800

JUST RECEIVED,

From the BOSTON Manufactory,

A QUANTITY OF

WINDOW GLASS,

Of different sizes,

FOR SALE

By ISAAC HARVEY. Jun.

N. B. Any size or sizes that may be wanted cut larger than 18 by 12 can be had from said manufactory, on being ordered; and attention given to forward on any orders that may be left for that purpose—Apply at No. 9, South Water-street, as above.

july 8 dtf

WAR DEPARTMENT,

March 6, 1800.

PROPOSALS

WILL be received at this Office until the seventh day of April next for cutting out cloathing for the Army of the United States.—The proposals must specify the price required for cutting out each of the several articles, to wit, Horseman's cloaks, regimental coats, vests and overalls.

PROPOSALS will also be received until the seventh day of April next for the delivery of five thousand hats and twenty thousand shirts. The hats to be made of good wool to be well manufactured, full cocked, bound with narrow black binding, the sun or hind part eight inches broad, sides and corners six inches broad.—The shirts to be of linen equal in quality with the pattern article, and to be as well made as he said pattern.

One half of the hats and shirts to be delivered on or before the first day of June next, and the remainder on or before the first day of July next.

Patterns of the several articles may be seen at the Military Stores kept by John Harris, on the wharf between Arch and Race streets.

Security will be required.

JAMES Mc. HENRY,
Secretary of War.

March 7. dts A.

WATER-OFFICE.

Centre Square, February 5, 1800.

IN compliance with the instructions of the Committee for watering the city, and with my own inclinations, every possible admittance and information has been given to those citizens who have visited the Works during their progress. The Engines are now arrived, and are immediately to be put up, and it is hoped that it will be thought reasonable and just, both to the Public, and to the Contractor for the Engines, that the workmen should not be interrupted. As a very few months will fully gratify the curiosity of the citizens, by shewing them the Engines in full operation, a temporary exclusion of all visitors from the Engine houses cannot appear improper.

B. H. LATROBE, *Engineer.*

February 13. dtf.

THE UNDERSIGNED,

HIS Swedish Majesty's Consul General, and authorized to transact the Consular Business, for his Majesty the King of Denmark in the United States of America, residing at Philadelphia,

Hereby gives public Notice,

That in obedience to recent instructions received from his government, it is the duty of all Masters of Swedish and Danish vessels, before their sailing from any port in the said States, to call upon him or the Vice Consul, in order to be granted such Certificates for their Cargoes, which the exigency of the state of the Neutral Commerce and the several Decrees of the Belligerent Powers, render indispensably necessary, and, that any Master of vessels belonging to the respective nations, or navigating under the protection of their flags, in omitting to take such certificates, will personally stand responsible for the consequences.

RICHARD SODERSTROM.

Philadelphia, 18th December, 1799.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE,

About 25 acres of Land,

LAYING on the east side of the Falls Road.—On the East it is bounded by property belonging to Mr. Tench Francis, sen.—on the south, by a road of two perches, and on the north by a lane, which separates it from Mr. M'Call. It is proposed to divide this land into 3 equal parts in order to suit the purchasers.

Also, 31 acres, situated on the west side of Germantown road, adjoining Masters's estate, being part of the property of the late Samuel Mifflin.

For terms apply to Samuel Mifflin, corner of Market and 11th streets.

January 24. dtf.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY on Saturday evening the 13th July instant, from Colebrook Furnace, Lancaster county, a Negro Man named *Cato*, he is about 40 years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, tolerable black, with a down ill look, squints, he is a cunning artful fellow, a great liar, and very fond of strong liquor, has been brought up to the farming business, is very handy at any kind of laboring work; he took with him a number of clothing, amongst which were, one suit plain Nankeen; (some money). It is expected he has shaped his course for Philadelphia or New York.

*** The above reward will be paid for securing him in any gaol in the United States, with reasonable charges if brought home.

SAMUEL JACOBS.

Colebrook Furnace, July 16, 1799.

(O 18) d6m

PRATT & KINTZING,

No 95, North Water-Street,

HAVE ON HAND THE FOLLOWING

GOODS,

ENTITLED to drawback, which they offer for sale at moderate prices for cash, or the usual credit; or on a credit of 12 or 18 months upon Mortgages on Real Property, in or near the City of Philadelphia, or other satisfactory security

50 boxes and bales Ticklenburghs
60 do. do. Hempen linens.
50 do. do. Oznabrigs.
50 do Patterbornes.
25 do. Bielfield Linens.
11 do Creas and Creas a la Morlaix.
Brown Rolls.
Do. Hessians.
Polish Rolls.
Bed Ticks.
Siamois.
Arabias.
Empty Bags.
Oil Cloths.
Shoes and Slippers.
Soal and upper Leather.
Quills and Sealing Wax.
A package Gold and Silver Watches.
A few chests Toys.
Slates and Pencils.
70 hhds Havanna Molasses
13 pipes old Port Wine
25 boxes Tumblers assorted.
200 boxes Hamburgh Window Glass 8 by 10, &c.
1 chest assorted Looking Glasses.
Several large elegant do.
1500 Demijohns.
50 kegs Pearl Barley.
A few tons Roll Brimstone.
20 keys Yellow Ochre.
A few hhls. Rosin.
40 tons Russia Hemp.
80 hhds. Hogs Bristles.
2 hhds. Dutch Glue.
20 casks Nails assorted from 3d. to 20d.
16 casks Ironmongery.
8 casks Hoes.
German Steel.
6 hhds. Coffee mills.
Blocking Twine, Tapes, Stone Pickling Pots, &c &c.

February 15. satu&f

UNSEATED LANDS.

THE OWNERS

OF Unseated Lands in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, are hereby notified that unless the Taxes due on said lands for 1798, are paid into the hands of *John Brandon, Esq* treasurer of said county, on or before the 20th of April next, they will be advertised for sale, as the law directs

JAMES M'GREW,
HENRY ALLSHOUSE,
JEREMIAH MURRY, } *Comm'rs.*

January 18. d3m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Pursuant to the act of Congress passed on the 1st day of June, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety six, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the society of United Brethren for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the act supplementary to the said recited act passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence fifty miles due south, along the western boundary of the said ranges;—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muskingum river at the crossing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the said river, to the point where a line run due west from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line so run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plats and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the offices of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

II.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services performed during the late war, are required to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered; No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode prescribed by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally, or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said day, shall be postponed in locating such warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each; shall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the first day of January, 1802, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, 1802, are by the supplementary act of Congress herein before recited, passed on the second day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates issued for subscriptions to the Loan bearing interest at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment shall have been made of the 5th instalment, which will become due during the first ten days of the month of July ensuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treasury or Loan Offices, respectively, for the amount of the four first instalments, or one moiety of the sums expressed in the subscription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be issued for less than one hundred dollars.

Such subscription certificates as may be presented at the Treasury or Loan Offices in consequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be noorsed and distinctly marked so as to denote, that a moety of the stock has been issued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

March 12, 1800.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT separate proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations, which may be required for the use of the United States, from the 1st day of October, 1800, to the 30th day of September, 1801, both days inclusive, at the places and within the two districts hereinafter first mentioned; and also that separate proposals will be received at the said office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required as aforesaid, from the 1st day of January in the year 1801, to the 31st day of December in the same year, both days inclusive, at the place and within the several states hereinafter mentioned, viz,

First. Proposals to supply all rations, that may be required, at Oswego; at Niagara; at Pittsburg; at Presqu'ile; at Michillimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Bœuf; at Cincinnati; at Picque Town, and Loramies stores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance, on the Miami river to Lake Erie; at Fort Knox, and Ouatonon on the river Wabash; at Massic; at any place or places on the river Mississippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio, and upon the Illonois river.

Second. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the east side of the Mississippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the southern boundary of the state of Kentucky and within the said state; at Knoxville; at all posts and places within the state of Tennessee; at South West Point: at Tellico Block House; at St. Sevens, or other fort or post on the rivers Mobille or Tombigby, and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the southern boundary of the state of Tennessee and within the boundary of the United States.

Third Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at Point Petre; at Coleraine, at Savannah, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of Georgia; at all forts or stations on the Oconnee and Alatamaha, and at all other places in the Creek nation, within the limits of the United States, where troops are or may be stationed.

Fourth Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnston, at Fort Pinckney, at Charlston, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the state of South-Carolina.

Fifth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beacon island, Ocracock; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville; at Salisbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the state of North-Carolina.

Sixth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portsmouth, at Kempsville, at Charlotteville, at Winchester, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leesburg, at Frederickburg, at Carterfville, at Harper's ferry, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited, in the state of Virginia.

Seventh. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort M'Henry, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hagers town, at Bladensburg, at George-town, at Eastown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Maryland.

Eighth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Mifflin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancaster, at Wilkesbarre, at Reading, at Bristol, at York town, at Carlisle, at Lewistown (Mifflin county) at Bedford, at Greensburg, at Washington, at Eastown, at Wilmington, at Christiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the states of Pennsylvania and Delaware, except the posts within the state of Pennsylvania, enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Ninth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hackensac, at Elizabethtown, at New-Brunswick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Jersey.

Tenth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at New York, at West Point, at Flushing, at Haerlem, at West Chester, at Poughkepsie, at Konderhoak, at Stillwater, at Newberg, at Albany, at Conajoharie, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of New-York, except the posts within the said state enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Eleventh. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New-London, at Brooklyn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield, at Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Connecticut.

Twelfth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Rhode-Island

Thirteenth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portland in the District of Maine, Gloucester, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boston, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Massachusetts.

Fourteenth. Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portsmouth, at Exeter, at Windsor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any fort, place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the States of New Hampshire and Vermont.

The rations to be supplied, is to consist of the following articles, viz. eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of sifted or bolted Indian meal, one pound and a quarter of fresh beef, or one pound of salted beef, or three quarters of a pound of salted pork, and when fresh meat is issued, salt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations; soap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the proposals will also extend to the supply of rum, whisky, or other ardent spirits at the rate of half a gill per ration, and vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The proposals will specify the price of the several component parts of the ration, as well as those of substitutes or alternatives for parts thereof.

The rations are to be furnished in such quantities as that there shall at all times, during the term of the proposed contracts be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michillimackinac, Detroit, Niagara and Oswego, for six months in advance, and at each of the other posts on the western waters, for at least three months in advance, of good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is also to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places, or posts, to call for at seasons when the same can be transported, or at any time in the case of urgency, such supplies of like provisions in advance, as in the discretion of the commandant shall be deemed proper. It is to be understood that the contractor is to bear the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops, and at all losses, sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or by the means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the article captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles, for which compensation shall be claimed.

The privilege is to be understood to be reserved to the United States of requiring, that none of the supplies which may be furnished under any of the proposed contracts shall be issued, until the supplies which have or may be furnished under contracts now in force have been consumed: and that a supply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed posts on the Sea-board or Indian frontiers, not exceeding three months.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

March 24. 1aw12t25 July

LAW BOOK STORE,

319 *High Street.*

GEORGE DAVIS has just received from Dublin, via New York, a very large Parcel of Law Books, all of the latest editions, which renders his assortment he believes the most extensive and valuable on the continent. They will be opened this day, and ready for sale at any time afterwards.

The subscribers to that important work, *Wentworth's System of Pleading* are informed that it is now arrived, and will be delivered on application.

Blank Declarations settled and approved by the most distinguished Law characters, to be had of G. D.

March 11, 3taw4w

TO BE SOLD,

A COUNTRY SEAT,

ABOUT two miles and a quarter from the Court House, on the Ridge road, adjoining lands of Jeremiah Parker; containing about thirty two-acres, divided into several lots, and in the highest state of cultivation. There is on it a handsome, well finished brick house, almost new, fifty feet front and twenty two feet deep, with 2 rooms on a floor, 21 by 22 feet each, and an entry of eight feet between; three good chambers on the second floor, and three garrets well finished and plastered. In front of the building is a very good piazza. Adjoining the house is a large brick kitchen, 24 by 18 feet, two stories high, with a neat chamber and garret, and a frame kitchen connected with it, one story high, 16 by 18 feet. near which is a pump of the best water for every use. At a small distance is the gardner's house, of brick, two stories high, with a garret, 16 by 20 feet: There are also a good barn, hay house, and a large shed for carriages, an excellent kitchen garden, with apple, peach, pear, cherry and plumb trees, in full bearing, strawberries and raspberries, currants and artichokes. At the lower part of the land is a very fine spring of water. The house is insured.

Any person wishing to view the premises is requested to apply at the office of this Gazette.

april 3 mwfsf tf

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Chesnut, near Sixth street, directly opposite CONGRESS HALL.

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Chesnut street and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame house, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge subject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous situation of this property requires no comments, for it must be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaser. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

No. 198 Chesnut st. next door to the premises

march 5 tu.th sa tf

United States.
Pennsylvania District. } ss.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, to me directed, issued out of the circuit court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District, of the middle circuit, will be sold by public vendue at the city tavern, in Second street, in the city of Philadelphia on Saturday the 5th day of April next, at 7 o'clock in the evening, all that certain tract or parcel of land, situate, lying and being on the river or creek called Lackawaxen, in the county of Wayne, containing 8000 acres and upwards; on which are erected a messuage, stables and sawmill, with the appurtenances.—The names of the original warrantees of the said tract or parcel of land were as follows.

Mordecai Roberts,	*John Till,*
Stophel Medera,	*George Warton,*
Zachariah Ferris,	*Benjamin Hancock,*
George Till,	*Edward Webster,*
Thomas Wiggins,	*James Thompson,*
George Morton,	*Joseph Whitehead,*
George Streeton,	*Patrick Connolly,*
Friend Streeton,	*Thomas Griffy,* } *
John Oliphant,	*William Halbert.* }

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Robert Lettis Hooper, deceased.

JOHN HALL, *Marshal.*

N. B. A reasonable credit will be given.

Marshal's Office,
Philadelphia, March 17. eot5A

* *These two tracts do not contain the full quantity of the orignal warrants; part of them having been conveyed away.*

NOTICE.

To all persons who own unseated Lands in Franklin County, State of Pennsylvania:

THAT they come forward and pay their respective Taxes, (as there is a number of years now due) to PATRICK CAMPBELL, Esq. Treasurer for said County—If they do not, we will be obliged to proceed to make sale of them agreeably to law.

JAMES IRVIN,
JOHN HALLIDAY,
NATHAN M'DOWEL, } Com'rs.

Commissioner's office,
Chambersburgh, Jan. 1, 1800. } 1aw3m.

To Merchants.

MERCHANTS Accounts elegantly opened, Books neatly and correctly posted, with various other kinds of writing, by a person thoroughly acquainted with accounts.

Gentlemen extensively concerned, may find it to their interest to put business in this line into his hands, as the fullest confidence may be reposed in him and ample satisfaction given.

Address a line to B. A. and leave it with the printer hereof.

Philadelphia, March 19. 3tawtf

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

PETER FOSTER & Co.

Of Duck Creek,

IN the state of Delaware, being this day dissolved, all persons having demands against said partnership will apply to the subscriber, and such as are indebted to said concern will please to make payment to

PETER FOSTER.

Duck Creek, April 1. 2awim.

CAUTION.

THE Public are cautioned against receiving the Subscribers Note in favor of, and indorsed by Thomas W. Francis, dated yesterday; at 60 days after date for eight hundred dollars. The note is in the hand writing of the Subscriber, and at the bottom a memorandum by the indorser, to the credit of the drawer, Thomas W. Francis This note together with a contract between Charles Williamson, and Charles Hale for lands in township, No. 4, in the 6th range of Struster county, state of New Jersey, and sundry other papers contained in a Pocket Book, were taken from the Subscribers desk last evening. As the above can be of no use to the person who has carried them off, should they be returned, no questions shall be asked.

SAMUEL MIFFLIN.

February 6. dtf.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH,

OR EXCHANGED,

For property in the City, or within thirty miles of it,

A PLANTATION or tract of Land in Mifflin County and State of Pennsylvania, within six miles of the river Juniata, containing about 300 acres. There are about fifty acres cleared, part of which is a rich bottom, watered by a constant stream that is strong enough to work an oil or a grist mill. Any person inclining to deal for it, may obtain further information by applying at the office of this gazette.

N. B. If sold, credit will be given for part of the money.

October 17, 1799. dtf.

FOR SALE

Or to be exchanged for a good Vessel,

AN elegant new two-story FRAME HOUSE, twenty seven feet front by thirty-four in depth, with a commodious piazza and kitchen, together with a coach house and stable, situate in the flourishing village of Frankford. The house, which may be entered the first of June next, will be finished in the neatest stile with many conveniences, and will be well adapted to a large genteel family who may wish to reside in the country during the summer season. In exchange, it will be valued low, if a vessel offer that may be suitable.

Further particulars will be made known by application to

MOORE WHARTON.

February 24. dtf.

DESERTED,

FROM the United States Frigate Philadelphia, DAVID DEVINE, by trade a Shoemaker, born in Ireland, 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, light complexion and hair—also,

WATSON LUDLOW, by trade a Shoemaker, born in New-Jersey, 33 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair and complexion. Whoever will take up said Deserters and deliver them on board the said frigate, shall receive ten dollars reward for each, and reasonable charges.

March 12. 3tawtf.

Eighty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the Subscriber, at Newtown, Chester Ferry, Queen Anne's county, state of Maryland, the following negroes, viz. a woman named Nanny, went away on the 23d January, 1799, and took with her a Mulatto female child, about two years old, named Arianna. Nanny is a dark yellow negro, about five feet four or five inches high, remarkably handsome for a negro. Her cloathing unknown as she took a variety of good cloaths with her—she went off with a negro fellow, named Peter, and calls himself Peter Simpson, he is the property of a certain William Bowers of Talbot county, state as above, who has advertised one hundred dollars reward for him. Peter is a stout well made yellow fellow, about 6 feet one inch high, is a tolerable good Carpenter. Nanny passes for his wife, but her real husband is named Bob, who belongs to her master. It is probable they are in the neighbourhood of Salem in the Jerseys, as they were there in October last, and by information, Peter had built himself an house to live in, between Rum Bridge and Gold Town; it is likely they may have changed their names and may have passes, as Peter can write a middling hand; it is probable Nanny has another child, as it was thought she was in a pregnant state when she went away.

The noted Ferry man Charles, who calls himself Charles Rodney; he went off on the 18th of February last, he is a dark mulatto, about five feet eight or nine inches high, about forty years old, stoops in his shoulders when he walks, a scar on his head very perceivable—he took with him a small bay mare about 4 or 5 years years old, her mane trimmed and bob tail'd; his cloathing unknown, as he carried off a variety of cloaths; it is probable he has changed his name, as he is a very artful, sensible fellow, he can read tolerably well; it is likely he may hire himself to drive a wrggon, being well acquainted with that business, driving for the army during the war; he also perhaps may have a pass.

The above reward will be given for the aforesaid two negroes, viz. Nanny and Charles, if taken out of the state, or twenty dollars for Nanny and child, if taken in this state, & 20 do. Charles if taken in this state and secured in jail, so as I may get them again. If brought home all reasonable charges shall be paid by me.

JOHN QUIMBY.

March 3. w&sa.4w.

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*